

Accelerating together sustainable food needs by embracing next generation (non-animal) food safety testing methods.

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FoodSafety4EU pre-forum workshop

December 15, 2021

Accelerating together sustainable food needs



- United Nations sustainable development goals: eradication of hunger.
- Feed 10 billion persons 2050: CRITICAL are the trade-offs between
 - 1. food sustainability,
 - 2. food security,
 - 3. food safety
- and make better use of food already produced.

Example of a hierarchy of strategies for reducing food losses e.g. source reduction, reusing or reprocessing surplus foods, recycle food as feed for animals, recover the energy as biofuels, nutrients as compost, or raw materials for industry, while as last resorts one may consider recovering the energy by incineration or dumping as garbage in landfills.

https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fsufs.2020.00016/full





Accelerating together sustainable food needs

In this regard our FUTURE trade-offs need to be informed by the PAST lessons LEARNED from the use of antimicrobials to e.g. intensify food production and contain microorganism and from the outbreak of bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) in terms of circular food production



Food and Agriculture Deparicution of the 2 The future food and agricultu Alternative pathways to 2050



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check for updates

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Revieu

Embracing next generation (non-animal) food safety testing models and methods for one health

2030 Targets for sustainable food production



Circular food production systems will contribute to future sustainable food but: A sustainable future requires control of pathogens by other means since it is critical to avoid that cycles of nutrients become cycles of pathogens and/or hazards -> new generation of antimicrobials e.g. essential oils

> European Commission

Solutions to sustainability and food security should

integrate **feed and food safety** considerations from the start: NEW Approach Methods (NAMs) and Models





Food Safety



Safety



Animals

Directorate-General for Health and Food Safety (DG SANTE)



Plants







Accelerating together feed and food safety needs



Sustainable Food Needs / Food Safety

Relevant EU Policies; EU General Food Law and related riskbased food safety regulatory frameworks; The EU Green Deal; Farm to Fork strategy; Biodiversity strategy; Strategy for sustainable Chemicals; Common agricultural policy (CAP); EU consumer policy; EU environment policy; EU global food security

revealed that the key drivers with impact in Food Safety are:

- 1. Climate change,
- 2. Changes in food and farming systems;
- 3. Rapid technological advancements and emerging technologies;
- 4. Assessment of new technologies;
- 5. The current COVID-19 pandemic
- 6. Integration and improving hazard and risk assessment methodologies -> NAMs

NAMs are essential in the processes of risk assessment and risk evaluation, especially the processes surrounding the new generation of genetically modified foods and new anti-microbials and new types of feed and food exponentially introduced in the food supply chain.



Annual Report 2020

In Europe, the Regulation (EU) 2019/1381, published on the 6th September 2019, aims to improve the transparency and sustainability of the EU risk assessment in the food chain by amending the General Food Law Regulation (EC 178/2002) and a number of other regulations related to the food sector.

This Regulation is introduced as a response to the Fitness Check of the General Food Law Regulation as well as a response to public concerns expressed by a European Citizens' Initiative on glyphosate and pesticides.



Human relevant in vitro mechanistic methods



FOOD SAFETY TESTING NAMs NEEDS

human cell/tissues

- 1. Feed Additives
- 2. Flavouring substances
- 3. Food additives
- 4. Food contact materials
- 5. Food enzymes
- 6. GMO
- 7. Health Claims
- 8. Infant/Follow-on formulae
- 9. Novel foods
- 10. Pesticides





The pharmaceutical, cosmetics and chemical industries are working on NAMs development but still lots of work to do: an old and recent example

toxicological decision-making & toxicity testing needs continued innovation



the Literature

Gioacchino Calapai^b Marco Casciaro^a Marco Miroddi^b Fabrizio Calapai^b Michele Navarra^c Sebastiano Gangemi^{a, d}

*School and Division of Allergology and Clinical Immunology, at ^bDepartment of Clinical and Experimental Medicine, and ⁵Department of Drug Sciences and Health Products, University of Messina, and ⁴Institute of Clinical Physiology (IFC, Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerceh (CNR), Messina Unit, Messina, Italy



DRD Pharmacology Research & Perspectives

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Adverse drug reactions of montelukast in children and adults

Meindina G. Haarman¹ (), Florence van Hunsel² & Tjalling W. de Vries³

¹Department of Pediatric Cardiology, Center for Congenital Heart Diseases, Beatrix Children's Hospital, University Medical Center Groningen, The Netherlands

²Netherlands Pharmacovigilance Center Lareb, Den Bosch, The Netherlands
³Department of Pediatrics, Medical Center Leeuwarden, Leeuwarden, The Netherlands

S. COECKE diagnosis: Montelukast 10 mg, 2009-2015, immunomodulator, antileukotriene (asthma) adverse effect with multi-organ and multi-system failure Sandra & Silvia adverse drug reaction survivors 30 May 2021 near Uscio, Italy

Thalidomide

Montelukast

Toxicological spec



Thalidomide (immunomodulator) Teratogenicity



Thalidomide embryopathy

search

Feedback

ASPET THE JOURNAL OF PHARMACOLOGY AND EXPERIMENTAL THERAPEUTICS

Research Article | ABSORPTION, DISTRIBUTION, METABOLISM, AND EXCRETION

Metabolism of Thalidomide in Liver Microsomes of Mice, Rabbits, and Humans

Jun Lu, Nuala Helsby, Brian D. Palmer, Malcolm Tingle, Bruce C. Baguley, Philip Kestell, and Lai-Ming Ching Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics August 2004, 310 (2) 571-577; DOI: https://doi.org/10.1124/jpet.104.067793

Integration and improving hazard and risk assessment methodologies -> NAMs



https://www.jpharmsci.org/article/S0022-3549(15)30247-1/fulltext



Dynamics: What chemicals e.g. pesticides, microplastics, pathogens do to the human body

Kinetics: What the human body does to chemicals, microplastics, pathogens



Need for FS NAMs Framework

Annual Meeting & ToxExpo VIRTUAL EVENT • MARCH 2021

A Future Framework for Application of *In Vitro* Metabolism and QIVIVE Models to Inform Chemical Risk Assessment

Esther Haugabrooks, Sandra Coecke, Xiaoqing Chang, Kelly Magurany, Sue Marty, Rebecca Clewell





SCIENTIFIC REPORT

APPROVED: 20 March 2020 doi: 10.2903/j.efsa.2020.6088

Cumulative dietary risk characterisation of pesticides that have chronic effects on the thyroid

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA), Peter S Craig, Bruno Dujardin, Andy Hart, Antonio F Hernandez-Jerez, Susanne Hougaard Bennekou, Carsten Kneuer, Bernadette Ossendorp, Ragnor Pedersen, Gerrit Wolterink and Luc Mohimont





EFSA Journal

APPROVED: 24 April 2020 doi:10.2903/sp.efsa.2020.EN-1836

EFSA Journal

Outcome of the public consultation on draft scientific report on the cumulative dietary risk characterisation of pesticides that have chronic effects on the thyroid

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)



doi: 10.2903/j.efsa.2019.5800

Establishment of cumulative assessment groups of pesticides for their effects on the nervous system

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA), Federica Crivellente, Andy Hart, Antonio F Hernandez-Jerez, Susanne Hougaard Bennekou, Ragnor Pedersen, Andrea Terron, Gerrit Wolterink and Luc Mohimont

Abstract

SCIENTIFIC REPORT

ADOPTED: 26 June 2019

Cumulative assessment groups of pesticides have been established for five effects on the nervous system: brain and/or erythrocyte acetylcholinesterase inhibition, functional alterations of the motor, sensory and autonomic divisions, and histological neuropathological changes in neural tissue. Sources of uncertainties resulting from the methodological approach and from the limitations in available data and scientific knowledge have been identified and considered. This report supports the publication of a scientific report on cumulative risk assessment to pesticides affecting the nervous system, in which all uncertainties identified for either the exposure assessment or the establishment of the cumulative assessment groups are incorporated into a consolidated risk characterisation.



NAM



Methods are key components in any framework for the application of animal free new approach methods

Assessing SARS-CoV-2

Or any other food and feed related pathogens and their effect on animal or human health

THE CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC AND THE FUTURE

Knowledge from human relevant cell, tissue and mathematics-based methods as key tools for understanding COVID-19

BY SANDRA COECKE, AMALIA MUNOZ, VITO D'ALESSANDRO, FRANCESCA DE BERNARDI, PIETRO ROMEO, FELIPE TORRES, GEORGINA HARRIS AND SURAT PARVATAM | 20 MAY 2021

Diagnostic tools, preventive and curative strategies will be possible using knowledge from the new generation of in vitro and in silico methods and related technologies



Open Source on-line Chemistry World Web side : This article publicly available is on the Chemistry World web together with other chapters (you need a registration to have free access just with mail and PW) Link below as Chapter 18 <a href="https://www.chemistryworld.com/the-coronavirus-pandemic-and-the-future/knowledge-from-human-relevant-cell-tissue-and-mathematics-based-methods-as-key-tools-for-understanding-covid-19/4013732.article

Besides the web version the chapter will be together with all the other chapters a reference book on COVID 19 for the global population published by Chemistry world with ISBNs for the hard copy book 978-1-83916-306-7 and and e-book, which are 978-1-83916-364-7 <u>https://books.google.nl/books/about/The Coronavirus Pandemic and the Future.html?id=vNINzgEACAAJ&source=kp book description&redir esc=y</u> AVAILABLE FROM APRIL 2022



Essential oils: The case of Alpha-Pinene: antimicrobial activities αPN rates among the most important monoterpenes of human exposure



EFSA (2011) **EFSA** panel on food contact materials, enzymes, flavourings and processing aids (CEF).

Consideration of aliphatic and alicyclic and aromatic hydrocarbons evaluated by JECFA (63rd meeting) structurally related to aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons evaluated by EFSA in FGE.25Rev2. EFSA J 9(6:2178):69. doi:10.2903/j.efsa.2011.2178

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EFSA Journal

PUBLISHED: 05 January 2016

SCIENTIFIC OPINION Adopted 2015

ADOPTED: 1 December 2015

doi:10.2903/j.efsa.2016.4339 Safety and efficacy of eight compounds belonging to chemical group 31 (aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons) when used as flavourings for all animal species and categories

EFSA Panel on Additives and Products or Substances used in Animal Feed (FEEDAP)

The FEEDAP Panel concluded that: E-pinene, D-pinene, E-caryophyllene, myrcene, camphene, E-ocimene and δ -3-carene are safe at the proposed maximum dose level (5 mg/kg complete feed) for all animal species, except myrcene and β -ocimene when 4 mg/kg would apply for cats. For valencene, the calculated safe use level is 1.5 mg/kg complete feed for cattle, salmonids and non-food producing animals, and 1.0 mg/kg complete feed for pigs and poultry. No safety concern would arise for the consumer from the use of these compounds up to the highest safe levels in feeds. The Panel is unable to conclude on user safety in the absence of specific data.





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Safety evaluation of certain food additives				
	Common Name: alpha-	PINENE		
	Synonyms: 2-Pinene; Cyclic Chemical Name: Bicyclo[3.1 Date: August 2008	c Dexadiene 1.1]Hept-2-ene, 2,6,6-Trimethyl- Revision: April 2017		
	CAS Number:	80-56-8		
	RTK Substance Number:	0052		
	DOT Number:	UN 2368		

EMERGENCY RESPONDERS >>>> SEE BACK PAGE

Hazard Summary					
Hazard Rating	NJDOH	NFPA			
HEALTH	-	1			
FLAMMABILITY	-	3			
REACTIVITY	-	0			
FLAMMABLE POISONOUS GASES AI	RE PRODUCED IN F	IRE			

CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE IN FIRE

Hazard Rating Key: 0=minimal; 1=slight; 2=moderate; 3=serious; 4=severe

Reasons for Citation

- alpha-Pinene is on the Right to Know Hazardous Substance List because it is cited by ACGIH, DOT and NFPA.
- This chemical is on the Special Health Hazard Substance List.

The case of Alpha-Pinene cont.



Industrial Crops & Products 124 (2018) 643-652

Differences in essential oil yield, composition, and bioactivity of three juniper species from Eastern Europe

T. Radoukova^a, V.D. Zheljazkov^{b,*}, I. Semerdjieva^c, I. Dincheva^d, A. Stoyanova^e, M. Kačániová^{f,g}, T. Marković^h, D. Radanović^h, T. Astatkieⁱ, I. Salamon^j

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0926669018307064



Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology 418 (2021) 115496

Toxicokinetic evaluation of the common indoor air pollutant, α -pinene, and its potential reactive metabolite, α -pinene oxide, following inhalation exposure in rodents

Suramya Waidyanatha^{a,*}, Michael Hackett^b, Sherry R. Black^c, Mathew D. Stout^a, Timothy R. Fennell^c, Melanie R. Silinski^c, Scott L. Watson^c, Joseph Licause^c, Veronica G. Robinson^a, Barney Sparrow^b, Reshan A. Fernando^c, Stephen Cooper^c, Cynthia V. Rider^a

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0041008X21001034

IMAP Group Assessment Report, Australia, 2020

This group assessment contains chemicals related to alpha-pinene. Three of the chemicals in this group are: alpha-pinene(unspecified isomer) (CAS No. 80-56-8), the (1S,5S)- or (-)-alpha-pinene (CAS No. 785-26-4) isomer and the (1R,5R)- or (+)-alpha-pinene isomer (CAS No. 7785-70-8). They are closely structurally-related and are expected to have similar . The chemicals are naturally-occurring and the racemic mixture of both enantiomers does not occur in nature. In this assessment, 'alpha-pinene', refers to the unspecified isomer, unless stated otherwise. This assessment also includes the chemical 'oil of turpentine, alpha-pinene fraction' (CAS No. 65996-96-5). This chemical is the distillation fraction of turpentine oil containing >80 % alpha-pinene . While this fraction is expected to also contain small amountsof the other terpene hydrocarbons in turpentine (beta-pinene, delta-3-carene, camphene, terpinolene, carene and limonene), its toxicological profile is expected to be closely related to that of alpha-pinene (CAS No. 80-56-8)



Need for FS NAMs methods and foresight

Proving method reproducibility (in-house and between laboratories) is recommended SCIENTIFIC GOOD PRACTICE prior to using NAMs to generate data and is essential for regulatory use of the data.

#GrowingTogether #StrongerTogether #Paradigmshift to #humanrelevant #qualityscience Fast-response for emerging hazards Target groups:

National authorities, policy makers and risk managers, research, industry, consumers, society, professional associations, ad hoc young people structured group to guarantee a systemic approach and cross-sectorial approach for global uptake of NAMs in food safety testing





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